## Scope of Claims

- 1. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition which is characterized in that it is a positive-working radiation-sensitive composition containing a) a compound with an alkali-soluble group protected by an acid labile group a and b) an acid generator which generates acid by irradiation with radiation, and any of the following conditions al) to a3) are satisfied.
  - a1) The alkali-soluble group is a carboxyl group and the acid labile group is represented by general formula (1)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 \\
 \hline
 C - R^2 \\
 R^3
\end{array} (1)$$

 $(R^1 \text{ and } R^2 \text{ are aromatic rings, and } R^3 \text{ represents an alkyl group, a substituted alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group or an aromatic ring; and <math>R^1 \text{ to } R^3 \text{ may be the same or different.})$ 

a2) The acid labile group is represented by general formula (2)

$$R^4$$
 $C - R^5$  (2)

( $R^4$  to  $R^6$  are each an alkyl group, a substituted alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group or an aromatic ring, and at least one of  $R^4$  to  $R^6$  is an aromatic ring with an electron-donating group; and  $R^4$  to  $R^6$  may be the same or different.)

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- a3) The acid labile group a has an alkali-soluble group or alternatively the acid labile group a has an alkali-soluble group protected by an acid labile group b.
- 2. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 1 where condition al) is satisfied.

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- 8 3. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 2 which is characterized in that  $R^1$  to  $R^3$  are each independently an aryl group or a substituted aryl group.
  - 4. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 1 where condition a2) is satisfied.
- 16 5. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 4 which is characterized in that the alkali-soluble group in the compound meeting condition a2) is a carboxyl group or a phenolic hydroxy group.
  - 6. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 4 which is characterized in that the aromatic ring with an electron-donating group is of structure represented by general formula (3).

$$R^{8}$$
  $R^{9}$   $R^{10}$  (3)

(R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> each independently represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group with 1 to 4 carbons or an alkoxy group with 1 to 6 carbons, and at least one of these represents such an alkyl group or alkoxy group. R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> each independently

represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group with 1 to 4 carbons or an alkoxy group with 1 to 6 carbons.)

- 4 7. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 4 where the electron-donating group is an alkoxy group with 1 to 6 carbons.
- 8 8. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 1 where condition a3) is satisfied.
  - 9. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 8 which is characterized in that the acid labile group a in the compound meeting condition a3) has at least one phenolic hydroxyl group, or alternatively a phenolic hydroxyl group further protected with acid labile group b.

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- 10. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 8 which is characterized in that the acid labile group a in the compound meeting condition a3) has at least one carboxyl group or alternatively a carboxyl group further protected with acid labile group b.
- 24 11. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 8 which is characterized in that the labile group a in the compound meeting condition a3) is a group represented by general formula (4).

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & R^{13} \\
 & C \\
 & R^{14}
\end{array}$$
(4)

 $(R^{13}$  to  $R^{15}$  are each independently an alkyl group, a substituted alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a substituted aryl group, a group containing an alkali-soluble

a group containing an alkali-soluble protected by acid labile group b, and at least one is a group containing an alkali-soluble group, or a group containing an alkali-soluble group protected by acid labile group b. to R15 may be the same or different.)

positive-working radiation-sensitive composition 12. Α according to Claim 11 which is characterized in that at least one of  $R^{13}$  to  $R^{15}$  in general formula (4) is a group represented by general formula (5) or (6).

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(A represents an alkylene group with 1 to 4 carbons, an arylene group with 6 to 10 carbons or a single bond. represents an alkylene group with 1 to 6 carbons, an arylene group with 6 to 10 carbons, an alkylenearylene group with 7 to 12 carbons or a single bond.  $R^{16}$  to  $R^{19}$  each independently represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group with 1 to 4 carbons. Y represents an acid labile group b or a hydrogen atom, and m is 1 to 3.)

positive-working radiation-sensitive composition 13.

according to Claim 11 which is characterized in that at least one of  $R^{13}$  to  $R^{15}$  in general formula (4) is a represented by general formula (7).

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 $(R^{20} \text{ and } R^{21} \text{ each independently represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group with 1 to 4 carbons. Y represents an acid labile group <math>b$  or a hydrogen atom, and m is 1 to 3.)

14. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 11 which is characterized in that at least one of  $\mathbb{R}^{13}$  to  $\mathbb{R}^{15}$  of general formula (4) is of structure represented by general formula (8).

( $R^{22}$  and  $R^{23}$  represent a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group with 1 to 4 carbons. Y represents an acid labile group b or a hydrogen atom.)

- 15. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 1 which is characterized in that the compound meeting any of conditions al) to a3) is a polymer of weight average molecular weight from 5,000 to 50,000.
- 20 16. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 1 which is characterized in that the compound meeting any of conditions a1) to a3) is a polymer containing structural units represented by general formula 24 (9).

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
& R^{24} \\
--CH_2-C--- & (9) \\
& COOZ
\end{array}$$

 $(R^{24}$  represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group with 1 to 4 carbons, a cyano group or a halogen. Z is a group represented by general formula (1), (2) or (4).

17. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 4 or Claim 8 which is characterized in that the compound meeting condition a2) or a3) is a polymer containing structural units represented by general formula (10).

$$-CH_2-C$$

$$OX$$

$$(10)$$

 $(R^{23}$  represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group with 1 to 4 carbons, a cyano group or a halogen. X is an acid labile group represented by general formula (2) or (4).

- 16 18. A positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 16 which is characterized in that  $R^{24}$  is a cyano group or a halogen.
- 20 19. A method for the production of a pattern in which a positive-working radiation-sensitive composition according to Claim 1 is applied onto a substrate which is to undergo processing, and drying, exposure and development carried out.

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20. A method of pattern production according to Claim 19 which is characterized in that the exposure is carried out by means of an electron beam.

an alkali-soluble group or acid labile group a has an alkali-soluble group protected by an acid labile group b.

With this constitution, it is possible by means of the present invention to obtain a positive-working radiation-sensitive composition of high sensitivity having a resolution which enables sub-quarter micron pattern processing to be carried out.